



REPORT NUMBER: 100261621SAT-001A Rev 1
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#### **EVALUATION CENTER**

Intertek Testing Services NA Inc. 16015 Shady Falls Road Elmendorf, TX 78112

## **RENDERED TO**

Hewlett Packard 16399 W Bernardo Dr. San Diego, CA 92127

Report of Testing "HP PVC-free Wall Paper, unprinted" for compliance with the applicable requirements of the following criteria: ASTM E84-10 TEST FOR SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS (UL 723, UBC 8-1, NFPA 255)

## **ABSTRACT**

Specimen I. D. "HP PVC-free Wall Paper, unprinted"

Test Standard: ASTM E84-10 TEST FOR SURFACE BURNING

CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS (UL

723, UBC 8-1, NFPA 255)

Test Date: November 11, 2010

Client: Hewlett Packard

Test Results:

FLAME SPREAD INDEX 5
SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX 0

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David 7. Baylo November 16, 2010

Darrell Gonzales Technician

Reviewed and approved:

Servando Romo Project Manager November 16, 2010



#### I. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of the ASTM E84 TEST FOR SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS a method for determining the comparative surface burning behavior of building materials. This test is applicable to exposed surfaces, such as ceilings or walls, provided that the material or assembly of materials, by its own structural quality or the manner in which it is tested and intended for use, is capable of supporting itself in position or being supported during the test period.

The purpose of the method is to determine the relative burning behavior of the material by observing the flame spread along the specimen. Flame spread and smoke density developed are reported, however, there is not necessarily a relationship between these two measurements.

"The use of supporting materials on the underside of the test specimen may lower the flame spread index from that which might be obtained if the specimen could be tested without such support... This method may not be appropriate for obtaining comparative surface burning behavior of some cellular plastic materials... Testing of materials that melt, drip, or delaminate to such a degree that the continuity of the flame front is destroyed, results in low flame spread indices that do not relate directly to indices obtained by testing materials that remain in place."

This test method is also published under the following designations:

NFPA 255 UL 723 UBC 8-1

This standard should be used to measure and describe the properties of materials, products, or assemblies in response to heat and flame under controlled laboratory conditions and should not be used to describe or appraise the fire hazard or fire risk of materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions. However, results of this test may be used as elements of a fire risk assessment which takes into account all of the factors which are pertinent to an assessment of the fire hazard of a particular end use.



#### II. PURPOSE

The ASTM E84 (25 foot tunnel) test method is intended to compare the surface flame spread and smoke developed measurements to those obtained from tests of mineral fiber cement board and select grade red oak flooring. The test specimen surface (18 inches wide and 24 feet long) is exposed to a flaming fire exposure during the 10 minute test duration, while flame spread over its surface and density of the resulting smoke are measured and recorded. Test results are presented as the computed comparisons to the standard calibration materials.

The furnace is considered under calibration when a 10 minute test of red oak decking will pass flame out the end of the tunnel in five minutes, 30 seconds, plus or minus 15 seconds. Mineral fiber cement board forms the zero point for both flame spread and smoke developed indexes, while the red oak flooring smoke developed index is set as 100.

#### III. TEST PROCEDURE

The tests were conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in the ASTM E84. The specimens are placed directly on the tunnel ledges. As required by the standard, one or more layers of 0.25 inch thick reinforced concrete board are placed on top of the test sample between the sample and the tunnel lid. After the test, the samples are removed from the tunnel, examined and disposed of.

## IV. REVISION SUMMARY

Q <sub>2</sub>	SUMMARY
Les Hopkins	Per email request from Paul Landrum on June 17, 2011
5 Sal Romo	changed: 1) Sample ID from (HP Sample #1) to (HP PVC-free Wall Paper, unprinted).
June 20, 2011	



## V. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SPECIMENS

Date Received: 11/08/2010

Date Prepared: 11/09/2010

Conditioning (73°F & 50% R.H.): 2 days

Specimen Width (in): 24 Specimen Length (ft): 24

Specimen Thickness (in): 0.008

Material Weight: N/A

Total Specimen Weight (lbs): 108 Adhesive or coating application N/A

rate:

# **Mounting Method:**

The specimen was self-supporting. The side with the wall paper was facing down towards the flame.

## **Specimen Description:**

The specimen was described by the client as "unprinted, 1 continuous sheet".

The specimen consisted of (3) 8-ft. long x 24-in wide x 0.008-in thick unprinted wall Paper mounted to 1/2" gypsum board.

The product was received by our personnel in good condition.



#### VI. TEST RESULTS & OBSERVATIONS

The test results, computed on the basis of observed flame front advance and electronic smoke density measurements are presented in the following table.

Test Specimen	Flame Spread Index	Smoke Developed Index
"HP PVC-free Wall Paper, unprinted"	5	0

The data sheets are included in Appendix A. These sheets are actual print-outs of the computerized data system which monitors the tunnel furnace, and contain all calibration and specimen data needed to calculate the test results.

# VII. OBSERVATIONS

During the test, the specimen was observed to behave in the following manner.

Time (min:sec)	Observations
0:13	Specimen had steady Ignition.
0:22	Specimen began to blister.
0:26	Specimen began to sag.
0:30	Specimen began to flake.
1:51	Charred pieces of specimen began to fall.

After the test, the specimen was observed to be damaged as follows:

Distance (FEET)	Damage Descriptions
0 – 5	Specimen was consumed
5 – 9	Specimen was heavily charred.
9 – 24	Specimen was discolored.



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# APPENDIX A ASTM E84 DATA SHEETS



## TEST RESULTS

FLAMESPREAD INDEX: 5

SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX: 0

## SPECIMEN DATA . . .

Time to Ignition (sec): 13 Time to Max FS (sec): 119 Maximum FS (feet): 0.8

Time to 980 F (sec): Never Reached

Time to End of Tunnel (sec): Never Reached

Max Temperature (F): 600

Time to Max Temperature (sec): 587
Total Fuel Burned (cubic feet): 52.96

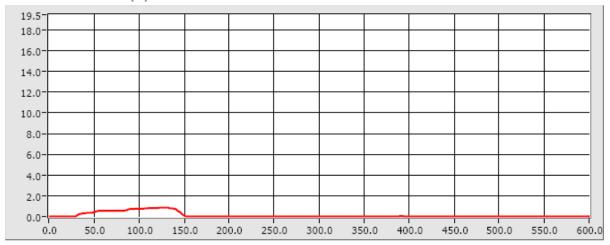
FS\*Time Area (ft\*min): 7.7 Smoke Area (%A\*min): 0.2 Unrounded FSI: 3.9

## CALIBRATION DATA . . .

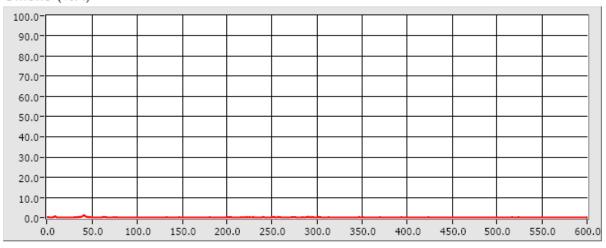
Time to Ignition of Last Red Oak (Sec): 45.0 Red Oak Smoke Area (%A\*min): 101.4



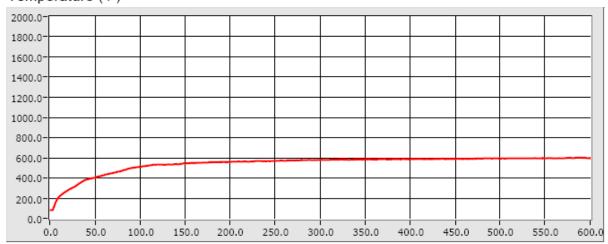
## FLAME SPREAD (ft)



## Smoke (%A)



# Temperature (℉)



Time (sec)

600

